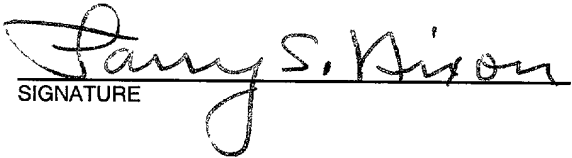


FORM PTO-1390 (REV 11-2000)	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE	ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER <b>36-1483</b>
TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US) CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371		U.S. APPLICATION NO. (If known, see 37 C.F.R. 1.5) <b>09/ 936176</b> <small>unknown</small>
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. <b>PCT/GB00/00923</b>	INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE <b>14 March 2000</b>	PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED <b>31 March 1999</b> <b>2 July 1999</b>
TITLE OF INVENTION <b>METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR TRANSFERRING DATA</b>		
APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US <b>MALLETT et al</b>		
Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This is a <b>FIRST</b> submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.</li> <li>2. <input type="checkbox"/> This is a <b>SECOND</b> or <b>SUBSEQUENT</b> submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.</li> <li>3. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This is an express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)). The submission must include items (5), (6), (9) and (21) indicated below.</li> <li>4. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The U.S. has been elected by the expiration of 19 months from the priority date (Article 31).</li> <li>5. A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)). <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> is attached hereto (required only if not communicated by the International Bureau).</li> <li>b. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> has been communicated by the International Bureau.</li> <li>c. <input type="checkbox"/> is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).</li> </ol> </li> <li>6. <input type="checkbox"/> An English language translation of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)). <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <input type="checkbox"/> is attached hereto.</li> <li>b. <input type="checkbox"/> has been previously submitted under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4).</li> </ol> </li> <li>7. <input type="checkbox"/> Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <input type="checkbox"/> are attached hereto (required only if not communicated by the International Bureau).</li> <li>b. <input type="checkbox"/> have been communicated by the International Bureau.</li> <li>c. <input type="checkbox"/> have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has <b>NOT</b> expired.</li> <li>d. <input type="checkbox"/> have not been made and will not be made.</li> </ol> </li> <li>8. <input type="checkbox"/> An English language translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).</li> <li>9. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)).</li> <li>10. <input type="checkbox"/> A English language translation of the annexes of the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)).</li> </ol>		
<b>Items 11 To 20 below concern document(s) or information included:</b>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>11. <input type="checkbox"/> An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 C.F.R. 1.97 and 1.98.</li> <li>12. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 C.F.R. 3.28 and 3.31 is included.</li> <li>13. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A FIRST preliminary amendment.</li> <li>14. <input type="checkbox"/> A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment.</li> <li>15. <input type="checkbox"/> A substitute specification.</li> <li>16. <input type="checkbox"/> A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.</li> <li>17. <input type="checkbox"/> A computer-readable form of the sequence listing in accordance with PCT Rule 13ter.2 and 35 U.S.C. 1.821-1.825.</li> <li>18. <input type="checkbox"/> A second copy of the published international application under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4).</li> <li>19. <input type="checkbox"/> A second copy of the English language translation of the international application under 35 U.S.C. 154(d)(4).</li> <li>20. <input type="checkbox"/> Other items or information.</li> </ol>		

533 Rec'd PCT/PTO 10 SEP 2001

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (If known, see 37 C.F.R. 1.5) <b>09/936176</b>		INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. <b>PCT/GB00/00923</b>		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER <b>36-1483</b>	
21. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The following fees are submitted:				<b>CALCULATIONS</b> PTO USE ONLY	
<b>BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 C.F.R. 1.492(a)(1)-(5):</b> -- Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 C.F.R. 1.482) nor international search fee (37 C.F.R. 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO and International Search Report not prepared by the EPO or JPO .....\$1000.00 -- International preliminary examination fee (37 C.F.R. 1.482) not paid to USPTO but International Search Report prepared by the EPO or JPO.....\$860.00 -- International preliminary examination fee (37 C.F.R. 1.482) not paid to USPTO but international search fee (37 C.F.R. 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO.....\$710.00 -- International preliminary examination fee (37 C.F.R. 1.482) paid to USPTO but all claims did not satisfy provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4).....\$690.00 -- International preliminary examination fee (37 C.F.R. 1.482) paid to USPTO and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(1)-(4).....\$100.00					
<b>ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =</b>				\$	860.00
Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 C.F.R. 1.492(e)).				\$	0.00
CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE		
Total Claims	12	-20 = 0	X \$18.00	\$	0.00
Independent Claims	1	-3 = 0	X \$80.00		0.00
MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIMS(S) (if applicable)			\$270.00	\$	0.00
<b>TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =</b>				\$	860.00
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Applicant claims small entity status. See 37 CFR 1.27. The fees indicated above are reduced by 1/2.					0.00
<b>SUBTOTAL =</b>				\$	860.00
Processing fee of \$130.00, for furnishing the English Translation later than <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 C.F.R. 1.492(f)).					0.00
<b>TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =</b>				\$	860.00
Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 C.F.R. 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 C.F.R. 3.28, 3.31). \$40.00 per property				+	\$ 40.00
Fee for Petition to Revive Unintentionally Abandoned Application (\$1240.00 - Small Entity = \$620.00)				+	\$ 0.00
<b>TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED =</b>				\$	900.00
				Amount to be:	
				refunded	\$
				Charged	\$
a. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A check in the amount of \$900.00 to cover the above fees is enclosed. b. <input type="checkbox"/> Please charge my Deposit Account No. 14-1140 in the amount of \$_____ to cover the above fees. A duplicate copy of this form is enclosed. c. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 14-1140. A duplicate copy of this form is enclosed. d. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The entire content of the foreign application(s), referred to in this application is/are hereby incorporated by reference in this application.					
<b>NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 C.F.R. 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 C.F.R. 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.</b>					
<b>SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:</b>  NIXON & VANDERHYE P.C. 1100 North Glebe Road, 8 <sup>th</sup> Floor Arlington, Virginia 22201-4714 Telephone: (703) 816-4000					
				 SIGNATURE	
				<b>Larry S. Nixon</b> NAME	
				<b>25,640</b> REGISTRATION NUMBER	
				<b>September 10, 2001</b> Date	

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Patent Application of

**MALLETT et al**

Atty. Ref.: **36-1483**

Serial No. **Unknown**

Group:

National Phase of: **PCT/GB00/00923**

International Filing Date: **14 March 2000**

Filed: **September 10, 2001**

Examiner:

For: **METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR TRANSFERRING  
DATA**

\* \* \* \* \*

**September 10, 2001**

Assistant Commissioner for Patents  
Washington, DC 20231

Sir:

**PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT**

Prior to calculation of the filing fee and in order to place the above identified application in better condition for examination, please amend the claims as follows:

**IN THE CLAIMS**

Please substitute the following amended claims for corresponding claims previously presented. A copy of the amended claims showing current revisions is attached.

3. (Amended) An NTU according to claim 1 in which the communications link is provided via Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) equipment.
4. (Amended) An NTU according to claim 1 in which the data of a predetermined type represents a part or a whole of one or more e-mail message(s) or other textual message(s).

5. (Amended) An NTU according to claim 1 in which the data of a predetermined type represents a software download, database search results, news information or telemetry data.

6. (Amended) An NTU according to claim 1 further comprising means operable to detect whether the first destination device is active so as to be able to receive the data and, if said device is active, to transmit the data stored by the NTU to the device.

7. (Amended) An NTU according to claim 1 further comprising means operable to receive data from the destination device and to package the data in one or more signalling messages for transmitting the data to a further destination device.

8. (Amended) An NTU according to claim 1 further comprising means operable to detect signalling messages indicating the set up of a connection to a predetermined destination device and in response to such detection to transmit the data stored by the NTU to the predetermined destination device.

9. (Amended) An NTU according to claim 1 further comprising means operable to monitor the activity of the signalling channel and to send and/or receive the data of a predetermined type when the signalling channel activity is within a predetermined range.

10. (Amended) An NTU according to claim 1 further comprising means operable to send and/or receive the data of a predetermined type during a predetermined time interval.

11. (Amended) An NTU according to claim 1 further comprising means operable to estimate the time for transmitting data to a destination via the signalling channel and, if the time exceeds a predetermined threshold, to transmit the data to the destination using one or more of the data channels.

12. (Amended) An NTU according to claim 4 further comprising means operable to:

a) firstly establishing the number of messages to be transmitted to a destination device and transmitting data representing said number;

b) secondly identifying the sender of each message to be transmitted to the destination device and transmitting data representing each said sender;

c) thirdly transmitting data representing the text of each message to the destination device.

**MALLETT et al**  
**Serial No. Unknown**

**REMARKS**

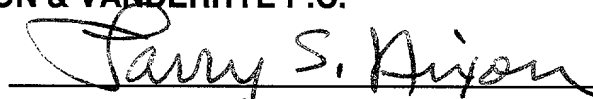
Attached hereto is a marked-up version of the changes made to the claims by the current amendment. The attached page is captioned "**Version with markings to show changes made.**"

The above amendments are made to place the claims in a more traditional format.

Respectfully submitted,

**NIXON & VANDERHYE P.C.**

By:



**Larry S. Nixon**

Reg. No. 25,640

**LSN:lmy**

1100 North Glebe Road, 8th Floor  
Arlington, VA 22201-4714  
Telephone: (703) 816-4000  
Facsimile: (703) 816-4100

**VERSION WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW CHANGES MADE**

3. (Amended) An NTU according to claim 1 [or claim 2] in which the communications link is provided via Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) equipment.
4. (Amended) An NTU according to [any preceding claim] claim 1 in which the data of a predetermined type represents a part or a whole of one or more e-mail message(s) or other textual message(s).
5. (Amended) An NTU according to [claims 1, 2 or 3] claim 1 in which the data of a predetermined type represents a software download, database search results, news information or telemetry data.
6. (Amended) An NTU according to [any preceding claim] claim 1 further comprising means operable to detect whether the first destination device is active so as to be able to receive the data and, if said device is active, to transmit the data stored by the NTU to the device.
7. (Amended) An NTU according to [any preceding claim] claim 1 further comprising means operable to receive data from the destination device and to package the data in one or more signalling messages for transmitting the data to a further destination device.

8. (Amended) An NTU according to [any preceding claim] claim 1 further comprising means operable to detect signalling messages indicating the set up of a connection to a predetermined destination device and in response to such detection to transmit the data stored by the NTU to the predetermined destination device.

9. (Amended) An NTU according to [any preceding claim] claim 1 further comprising means operable to monitor the activity of the signalling channel and to send and/or receive the data of a predetermined type when the signalling channel activity is within a predetermined range.

10. (Amended) An NTU according to [any preceding claim] claim 1 further comprising means operable to send and/or receive the data of a predetermined type during a predetermined time interval.

11. (Amended) An NTU according to [any preceding claim] claim 1 further comprising means operable to estimate the time for transmitting data to a destination via the signalling channel and, if the time exceeds a predetermined threshold, to transmit the data to the destination using one or more of the data channels.

12. (Amended) An NTU according to [any of claims 4 to 11] claim 4 further comprising means operable to:

a) firstly establishing the number of messages to be transmitted to a destination device and transmitting data representing said number;



b) secondly identifying the sender of each message to be transmitted to the destination device and transmitting data representing each said sender;

c) thirdly transmitting data representing the text of each message to the destination device.

6/PRTS

1

## Method and Apparatus for Transferring Data

The present invention relates to the transfer of data between points in a network and in particular to the transfer of data over a digital communications link comprising a signalling channel and a data channel. One example of such a link is provided by Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) equipment.

ISDN enables devices to communicate with each other using digital signals over a standard telephone network. ISDN network terminating units (NTUs) provide a communications link made up of a signalling channel and one or more data channels. The signalling channel is used to establish and control connections via one or more of the data channels. The data channels are used to transfer data.

Computers and other processors are connected to a network of other computers by either a permanent link or a temporary link. Permanent links are commonly provided by cabling that connects a network card installed in the computer to the rest of a local area network (LAN). The computer is thereby permanently connected to the network and can usually send and receive data over the network at any time. Temporary links are commonly provided via a telephone network, the computer being provided with a modem so as to be able to send and receive data over a telephone line. In order to send or receive data, the computer has to dial up another computer that provides a suitable service and establish a connection before any data can be transferred between the computers. One example of a temporary connection is that made by a home or office computer to an internet service provider (ISP).

25

While a permanent connection via a LAN provides immediate access to other computers via the network, it requires a significant investment in cabling which is expensive and in many cases unfeasible. The alternative temporary dial up connection is a cheaper solution but data can only be sent and received during a connection. Connections via the telephone network usually incur call charges, thus normally prohibiting the use of a dial up connection as a permanent network link.

30

According to one aspect of the invention there is provided a network terminating unit (NTU) for receiving digital data via a communications link comprising a signalling channel and one or more data channel(s), said signalling channel being operable to establish and control connections between said NTU and one or more data sources  
5 via said communications link so that data can be transferred from the or each data source to the NTU via one or more of the data channel(s), the NTU being operable to detect messages transmitted on the signalling channel that contain data of a predetermined type, to extract the data and to store the data for passing to a destination device.

10

This arrangement has the advantages that it can give the user an early indication of e-mails having arrived at the server computer of the Internet Service Provider (ISP). In other words, the user does not have to dial up the ISP to check for new data/e-mail. In addition, data such as e-mail can be downloaded to the NTU during periods of low  
15 use or overnight. A further advantage is that the number of calls made to the ISP may be reduced.

Figure 1 is a schematic representation of a computer network embodying the present invention;

20 Figures 2a and 2b show the format of messages sent between devices in the network of Figure 1;

Figure 3 is a flow diagram illustrating processing carried out by one of the computers in the network of figure 1;

Figure 4 is a schematic representation of a network terminating unit in the network of  
25 figure 1; and

Figure 5 is a flow diagram illustrating processing carried out by the network terminating unit of Figure 4.

Figure 1 shows a computer network 101 (simplified for the purposes of this  
30 description) comprising a server computer 103 connected to a database 105 and a network 107. The server 103 is running conventional software for providing an e-mail service. The database 105 is used for storing data associated with providing an e-mail service. The network 107 comprises a combination of computer networks and

telephone networks to provide connections between the server computer 103 and other computers. A connection 109 is shown between the network 107 and a network terminating unit (NTU) 111 which in turn is connected to a modem 113 and a client computer 115. The client computer 115 is a conventional desktop computer  
5 such as a PC running e-mail client software for sending and receiving e-mail.

The connection 109 allows the client computer 115 and the server computer 103 to communicate with each other so that a user of the client computer 115 can send and receive e-mail or other data via the server computer 103. The connection 109 is an  
10 ISDN (Integrated Services Digital Network) connection that provides digital communications between the two computers 103, 115. Accordingly, the NTU 111 is an ISDN NTU and the modem 113 is a conventional ISDN modem. Similarly, the server computer 103 also comprises the functionality of an ISDN modem and an ISDN NTU (not shown).

15 As noted above, the ISDN connections provide a digital (as opposed to analogue) connection between two pieces of equipment. Typically, the link comprises two high bandwidth channels called B-channels for carrying user's data and a lower bandwidth channel called a D-channel for carrying out signalling and connection control. In other  
20 words, the D-channel is used to set up and monitor a connection between two pieces of equipment and carries out the necessary communications with the telephone network to do so. The connection itself is provided via one (or more) of the B-channels under the control of the D-channel. The B-channel is the normal conduit for the data transmission.

25 The way in which ISDN connections function is defined in Recommendations published by the Telecommunication Standardisation Sector of the International Telecommunication Union (ITU-T). One such recommendation is entitled "Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. 1 (DSS 1) – ISDN User-Network Interface Layer 3  
30 Specification for Basic Call Control" (ITU-T Recommendation Q.931). This recommendation specifies the procedures for the establishing, maintaining and clearing of network connections at the ISDN user-network interface. The procedures are defined in terms of messages exchanged over the D-channel of the ISDN link. The

layer (Layer 3) referred to in the title of the recommendation is a layer in the protocol structure used for carrying out digital communications. Layer 3 of the ISDN protocol structure includes the signalling that ensures that messages are routed to the appropriate destinations, messages are acknowledged and communications are controlled. In other words, layer 3 is the protocol level of D-channel signalling.

Figure 2a illustrates the format for every message 201 transmitted on the D-channel in accordance with the ITU-T Recommendation. Each message 201 comprises a protocol discriminating part 203, a call reference 205, a message type indicator 207 and an information element 209. The protocol discriminating part is used by the network 107 to discriminate between messages for user-network call control and other types of message and is always the first part of any message. The call reference 205 is a unique identifier that distinguishes all messages for a particular connection or call from other messages. The message type indicator 207 identifies the function of the message being sent. The information element 209 carries additional information particular to pieces of equipment in the network 107 and will be described further with reference to Figure 2b.

One form of additional information that may be carried by the information element 209 is termed "user-user" information. Such information is not interpreted by the network 107 during its transmission but is delivered transparently to an ISDN destination. Figure 2b illustrates the structure of a user-user information element. The first part of the element is the identifier 211 that identifies the element 209 as user-user as opposed to any other of the possible elements defined by the ITU-T Recommendation. The second part 213 indicates the length of the element 209 which has a network dependant limit of 35 or 131 octets for messages sent in association with a circuit-mode connection and a limit of 260 octets for those messages sent in a temporary or permanent user-user signalling connection. The third part 215 of the element 209 is used to discriminate the protocol of the element 209 from that of other elements. The fourth part 217 is the section of the message that can be used for carrying the user's information. The form of the contents of this message section 217 are unrestricted.

The third part 215 of the element 209 is used to identify the protocol being used for the message. In accordance with the ITU Recommendations, this can be a user specific protocol that enables the fourth part 217 of the element 209 to be structured in accordance with the user's needs i.e. in accordance with a user-defined  
5 protocol. In the present embodiment, the user-user message facility is used to pass e-mail messages between the computers 103, 115 as will be described in further detail below.

The server computer 103 is capable of creating a conventional ISDN connection via  
10 the network 107, NTU 111 and the modem 113 to the client computer 115. With reference to Figure 3, the e-mail software running on the server computer 103 is arranged to respond at step 301 to either of two stimuli. These stimuli are either the receipt of one or more e-mail messages destined for the user of the client computer 115 or to a predetermined time having elapsed. When one of the two stimuli is  
15 received, then at step 303, the server 103 opens a D-channel user-user signalling connection to the NTU 111. At step 305, information representing the number of messages is passed to the NTU in a signalling message. Then at step 307, identifications of the senders or the titles of each message (or both) are sent to the NTU in one or more signalling messages. At step 309, the text of each message is  
20 sent to the NTU in one or more signalling messages. Then at step 311, any attachments to the e-mail messages already sent are then sent to the NTU. Once all the messages have been sent, the server process returns to step 301 to await a further stimulus.

25 With reference to Figure 4, the NTU 111 comprises a transmission control unit 401 connected between the network connection 109 and the modem 113. The transmission control unit 401 operates under the control of a micro-processor 403 which is also connected to a local storage device 405. The micro-processor 403 in combination with the transmission control unit 401 are arranged to carry out the  
30 functions of a conventional ISDN NTU. In addition to these conventional functions, the processor is also arranged to detect incoming user-user signalling messages on the D-channel that use a user defined protocol that indicates the fact that a message contains information relating to e-mail messages. Also, the micro-processor is

arranged to detect whether or not the computer 115 and modem 113 are connected to it and active.

With reference to Figure 5, at step 501, the processor 403 scans incoming user-user  
5 signalling messages for those containing e-mail data and when such a message is received, moves to step 503. As will be understood from the description of the transmission of the e-mail data by the server 103 (with reference to figure 3), each user-user message may only contain parts of e-mails or their attachments. Accordingly, if partial information is received, this is placed in the store 405 at step  
10 505 and the process returns to step 501. If at step 503 part of an e-mail or attachment is received that completes data already placed in the store 405 then the process moves to step 507. Similarly, if a complete e-mail text, list of titles or attachment is received, the process moves to step 507. At step 507, the completed e-mail information is placed in the store 405 and the process moves to step 509 and  
15 establishes whether the computer 115 is active (i.e. booted up and running). If the computer 115 is not active then the process returns to step 501. If the computer 115 is active then at step 511 the processor identifies the new and complete messages or parts thereof in the store 405 and, if present, moves to step 513. If at step 511 no new and complete messages (or parts thereof) are present the process  
20 returns to step 501. At step 513, the processor is arranged to transfer the complete messages (or parts thereof) to the computer 115 for display to the user via the client e-mail software. Once the transfer is complete, the process returns to step 501.

The processor 403 is also arranged to respond to two further events. Firstly, if the  
25 processor 403 detects at step 515 that the computer 115 has just booted up then the process moves to step 509 as described above. Secondly, if the processor detects at step 517 that the modem 113 is being used to dial a number that corresponds to the server computer 103, the processor postpones the call and moves to step 509. This ensures that the e-mail already stored in the NTU 111 can be  
30 presented to the user before the process of dialling up the server 103 is proceeded with.

The server computer 103 and the client computer 115 are arranged to send user-user messages that contain sufficient information to enable the NTU 111 to establish how parts of e-mails sent in separate messages are linked to enable the NTU 111 to reconstitute the e-mail messages. Suitable protocols for enabling the NTU 111 to  
5 carry out this function are readily available to those skilled in the art.

As described above, the timing of the downloading of the e-mail data can be triggered by new e-mail arriving at the server 103 or by a predetermined time having elapsed. In addition or alternatively, the downloading could be triggered when activity  
10 on the D-channel is at a minimum such as during the night. In addition to e-mail being downloaded it would also be possible to download other data (including instruction data) such as previously ordered software, the results of searches, news information or telemetry data. As well as being used to download data from the server to the client computer, the arrangement described above can also be useful for sending data  
15 from the client computer to the server computer such as e-mails for sending. With such an arrangement it would then be possible to send and receive non-urgent data without needing to make a specific call to the appropriate e-mail/internet service provider. This would reduce the use of valuable B-channel bandwidth and increase the convenience to the user.

20 In the embodiment described above, the server computer is arranged to download all of each e-mail message. As an alternative, the server could be arranged to download only partial information such as the number of e-mails, their titles or the sender details. Such details could then be displayed or indicated to the user by the NTU itself  
25 without the need for the client computer. This would enable users to judge whether a call to the internet service provider (ISP) to download all the e-mails was justified. This feature would also enable a user to detect when a particular e-mail has arrived without having to make repeated calls to the ISP.

30 The client or server software can be arranged to be configurable by the user so that the amount or type of data that is downloaded can be defined by the user. In addition, the timing of any download can be governed by user configuration. As a further alternative, the server or client software can be arranged to detect when a



particular download will exceed a predetermined time limit and instead to open a B-channel to complete the download. Similarly, if the D-channel is busy or congested or if the download is large and/or urgent a B-channel can be opened and used for the download.

5

As will be understood by those skilled in the art, the processing required to provide the functions described above need not be provided by the server computer of the ISP but, instead, could be provided by an alternative processor in the network between the ISP and the client computers. Such a processor may be in a telephone  
10 network router or other network element.

As will be understood by those skilled in the art, the invention described above may be embodied in one or more computer programs. These programmes can be contained on various transmission and/or storage mediums such as a floppy disc, CD-  
15 ROM, or magnetic tape so that the programmes can be loaded onto one or more general purpose computers or could be downloaded over a computer network using a suitable transmission medium.

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, throughout the description and the  
20 claims, the words "comprise", "comprising" and the like are to be construed in an inclusive as opposed to an exclusive or exhaustive sense; that is to say, in the sense of "including, but not limited to".

## CLAIMS

1. A network terminating unit (NTU) for receiving digital data via a communications link comprising a signalling channel and one or more data channel(s), said signalling  
5 channel being operable to establish and control connections between said NTU and one or more data sources via said communications link so that data can be transferred from the or each data source to the NTU via one or more of the data channel(s), the NTU being operable to detect messages transmitted on the signalling channel that contain data of a predetermined type, to extract the data and to store  
10 the data for passing to a first destination device.
2. An NTU according to claim 1 further comprising means operable to send data received from the destination device to further destination devices using messages transmitted on the signalling channel.  
15
3. An NTU according to claim 1 or claim 2 in which the communications link is provided via Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) equipment.
4. An NTU according to any preceding claim in which the data of a predetermined  
20 type represents a part or a whole of one or more e-mail message(s) or other textual message(s).
5. An NTU according to claims 1, 2 or 3 in which the data of a predetermined type represents a software download, database search results, news information or  
25 telemetry data.
6. An NTU according to any preceding claim further comprising means operable to detect whether the first destination device is active so as to be able to receive the data and, if said device is active, to transmit the data stored by the NTU to the  
30 device.

7. An NTU according to any preceding claim further comprising means operable to receive data from the destination device and to package the data in one or more signalling messages for transmitting the data to a further destination device.
- 5 8. An NTU according to any preceding claim further comprising means operable to detect signalling messages indicating the set up of a connection to a predetermined destination device and in response to such detection to transmit the data stored by the NTU to the predetermined destination device.
- 10 9. An NTU according to any preceding claim further comprising means operable to monitor the activity of the signalling channel and to send and/or receive the data of a predetermined type when the signalling channel activity is within a predetermined range.
- 15 10. An NTU according to any preceding claim further comprising means operable to send and/or receive the data of a predetermined type during a predetermined time interval.
11. An NTU according to any preceding claim further comprising means operable to  
20 estimate the time for transmitting data to a destination via the signalling channel and, if the time exceeds a predetermined threshold, to transmit the data to the destination using one or more of the data channels.
12. An NTU according to any of claims 4 to 11 further comprising means operable  
25 to:
- a) firstly establishing the number of messages to be transmitted to a destination device and transmitting data representing said number;
- b) secondly identifying the sender of each message to be transmitted to the destination device and transmitting data representing each said sender;
- 30 c) thirdly transmitting data representing the text of each message to the destination device.

Figure 1

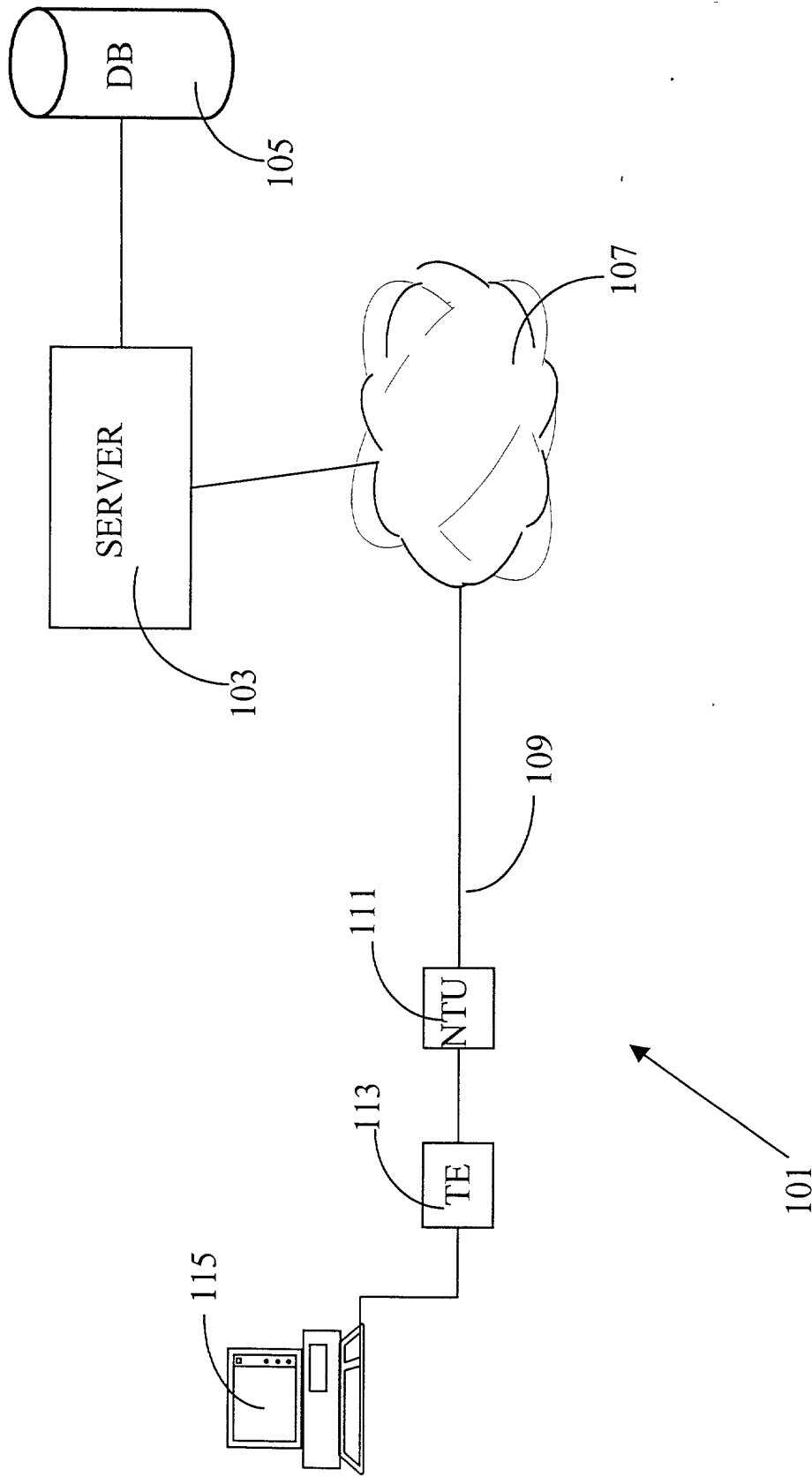


Figure 2a

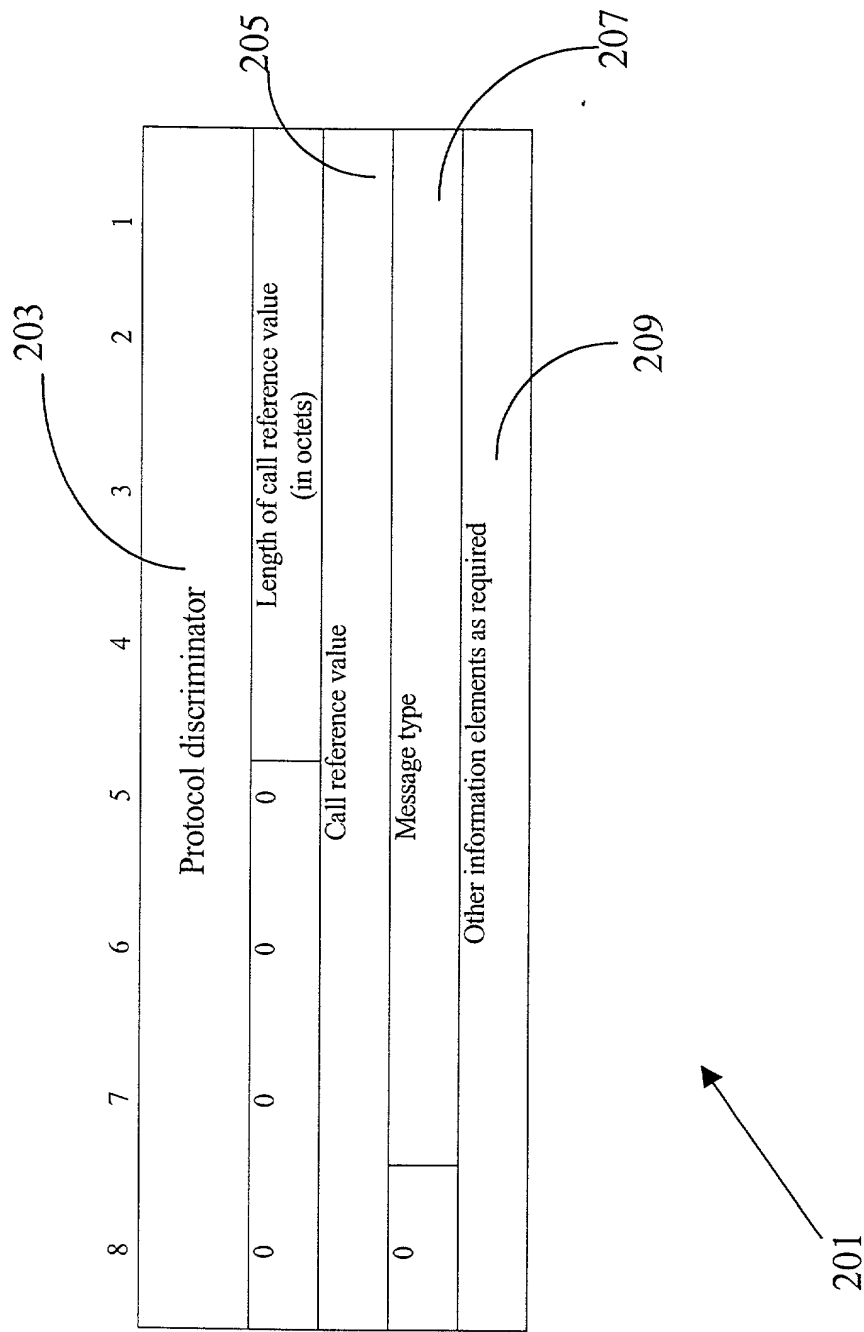


Figure 2b

FIG. 2b is a schematic diagram of a data structure.

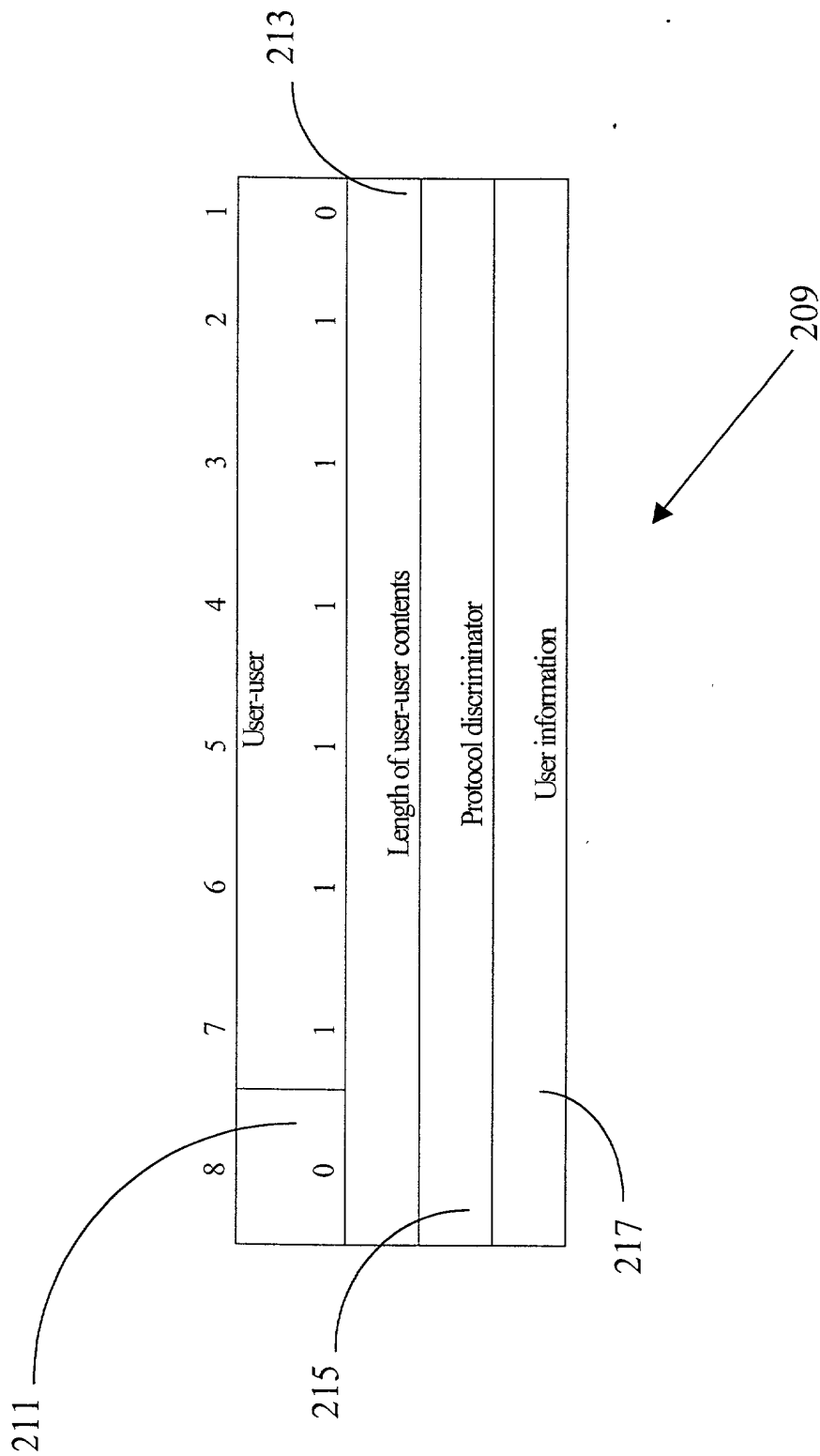


Figure 3

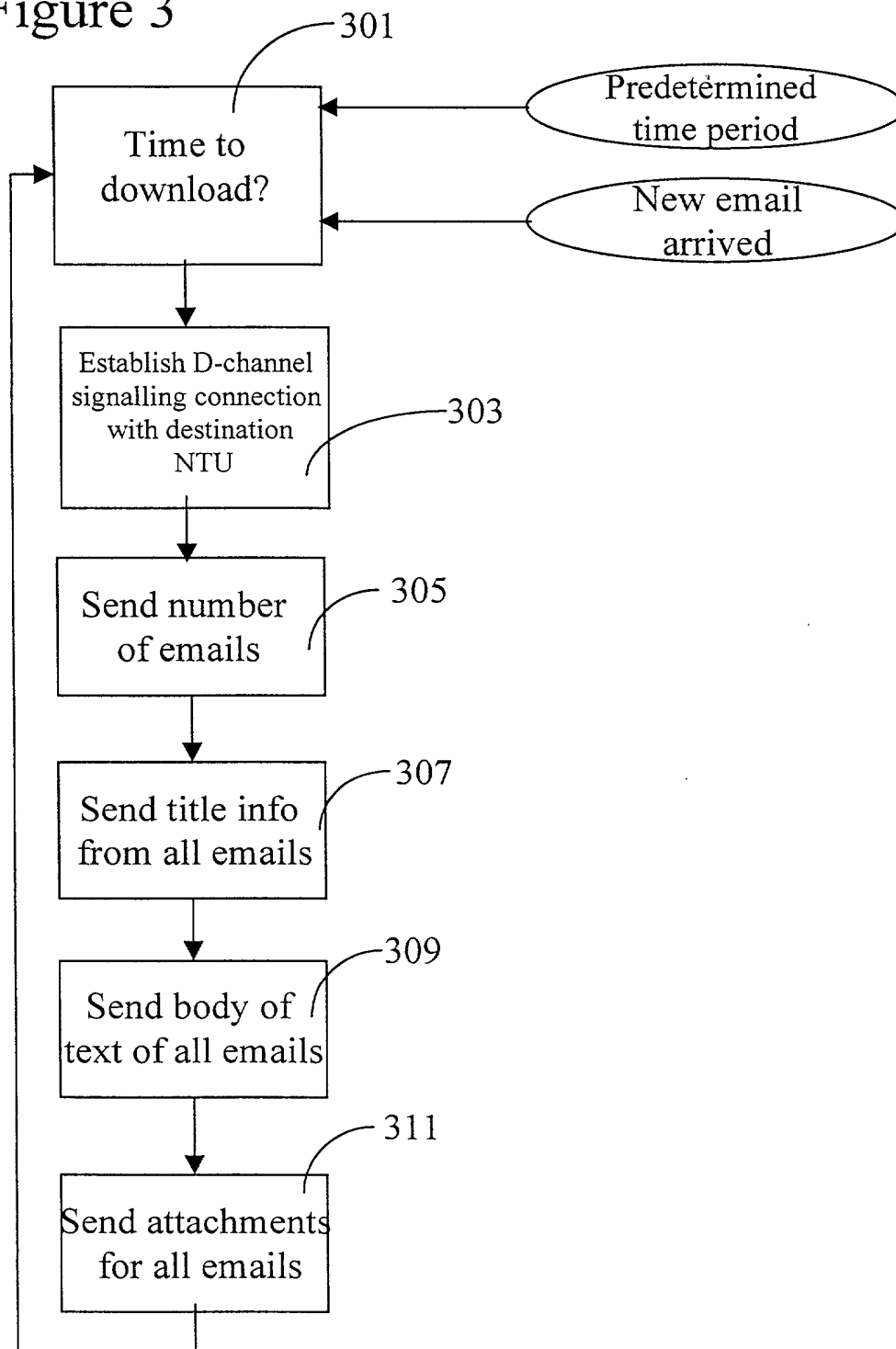


Figure 4

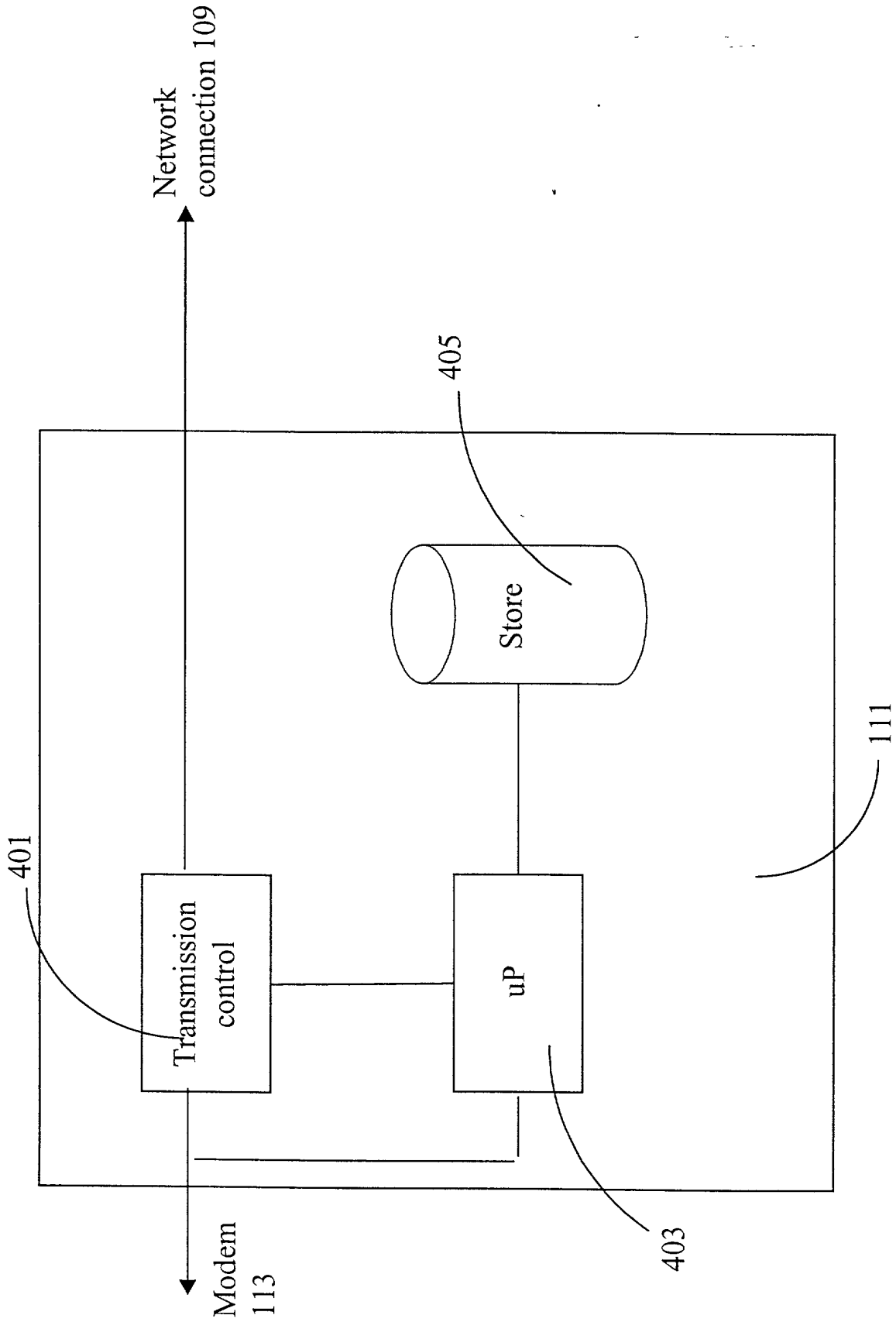
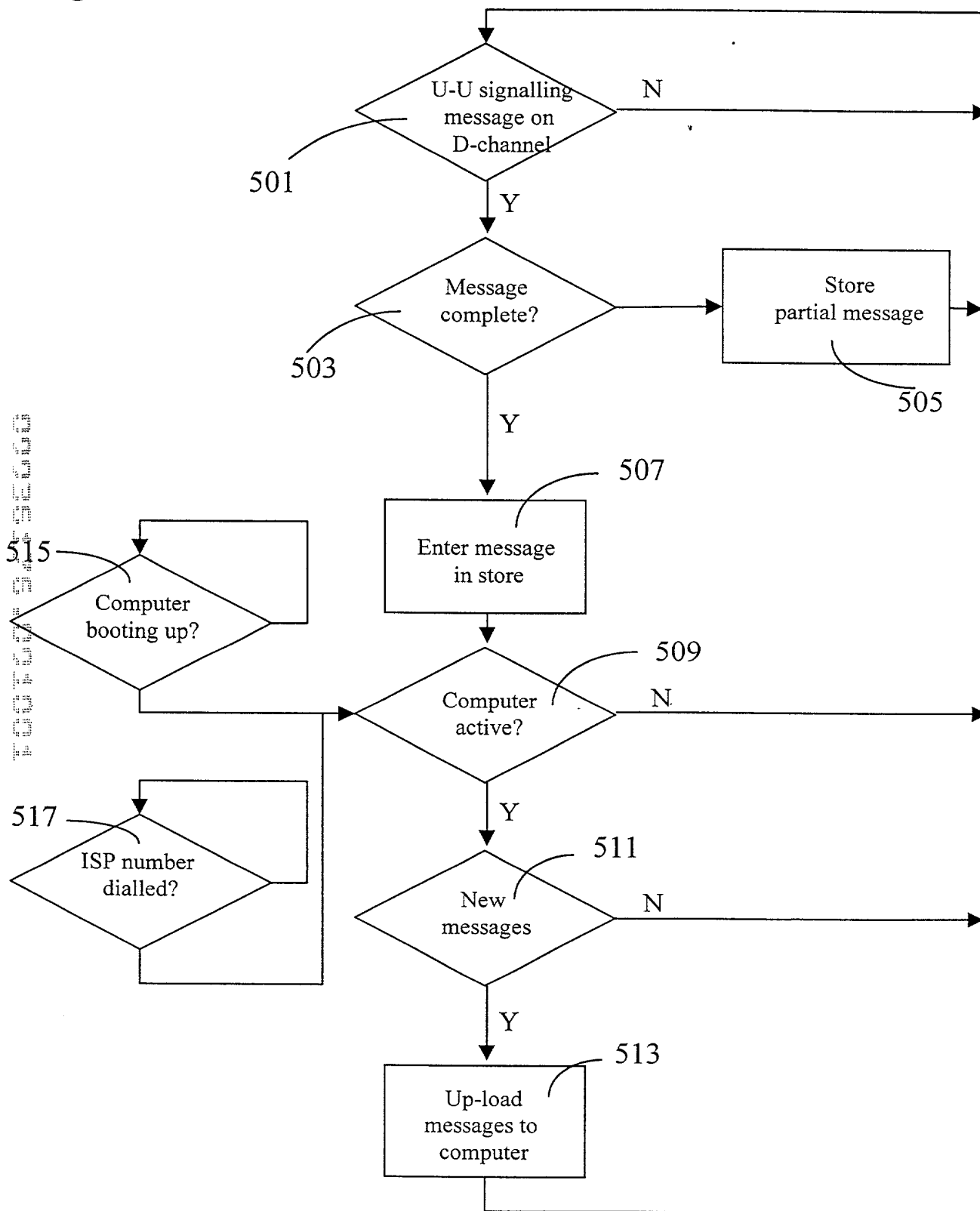




Figure 5



**RULE 63 (37 C.F.R. 1.63)**  
**DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY**  
**FOR PATENT APPLICATION**  
**IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE**

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that my residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name, and I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

**METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR TRANSFERRING DATA**

the specification of which (check applicable box(es)):

- ☐ is attached hereto  
☐ was filed on

as U.S. Application Serial No.

(Atty Dkt. No.

☒ was filed as PCT International application No.

**PCT/GB 00/00923**

on **14 MARCH 2000**

and (if applicable to U.S. or PCT application) was amended on

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above. I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the patentability of this application in accordance with 37 C.F.R. 1.56. I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. 119/365 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed or, if no priority is claimed, before the filing date of this application:

Priority Foreign Application(s):

Application Number

Country  
**GREAT BRITAIN**  
**EUROPE**

Day/Month/Year Filed

**31 MARCH 1999**

**9907439.5**

**2 JULY 1999**

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. §119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

Application Number

Date/Month/Year Filed

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. 120/365 of all prior United States and PCT international applications listed above or below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in such prior applications in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in 37 C.F.R. 1.56 which occurred between the filing date of the prior applications and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

Prior U.S./PCT Application(s):

Application Serial No.

Day/Month/Year Filed

Status: patented  
pending, abandoned

**PCT/GB00/00923**

**14 MARCH 2000**

**PENDING**

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon. And on behalf of the owner(s) hereof, I hereby appoint **NIXON & VANDERHYE P.C., 1100 North Glebe Rd., 8th Floor, Arlington, VA 22201-4714, telephone number (703) 816-4000 (to whom all communications are to be directed)**, and the following attorneys thereof (of the same address) individually and collectively owner's/owners' attorneys to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith and with the resulting patent: **Arthur R. Crawford, 25327; Larry S. Nixon, 25640; Robert A. Vanderhye, 27076; James T. Hosmer, 30184; Robert W. Faris, 31352; Richard G. Besha, 22770; Mark E. Nusbaum, 32348; Michael J. Keenan, 32106; Bryan H. Davidson, 30251; Stanley C. Spooner, 27393; Leonard C. Mitchard, 29009; Duane M. Byers, 33363; Jeffrey H. Nelson, 30481; John R. Lastova, 33149; H. Warren Burnam, Jr. 29366; Thomas E. Byrne, 32205; Mary J. Wilson, 32955; J. Scott Davidson, 33489; Alan M. Kagen, 36178; Robert A. Molan, 29834; B. J. Sadoff, 36663; James D. Berquist, 34776; Updeep S. Gill, 37334; Michael J. Shea, 34725; Donald L. Jackson, 41090; Michelle N. Lester, 32331; Frank P. Presta, 19828; Joseph S. Presta, 35329** I also authorize Nixon & Vanderhye to delete any attorney names/numbers no longer with the firm and to act and rely solely on instructions directly communicated from the person, assignee, attorney, firm, or other organization sending instructions to Nixon & Vanderhye on behalf of the owner(s).

1. Inventor's Signature: [Signature] Date: 23 March 2000  
Inventor: COLIN I MALLETT  
(first) (last) (citizenship)  
Residence: (city) SUFFOLK (state/country) GREAT BRITAIN  
Post Office Address: FULVENS, FRISTON, SAXMUNDHAM, SUFFOLK  
(Zip Code) IP17 1PP

2. Inventor's Signature: [Signature] Date: 05 MAY 2000  
Inventor: WADE MI BENNETT  
(first) (last) (citizenship)  
Residence: (city) ESSEX (state/country) GREAT BRITAIN  
Post Office Address: 23 HALSTEAD ROAD, EARLS COLNE, COLCHESTER, ESSEX  
(Zip Code) CO6 2NG

FOR ADDITIONAL INVENTORS, check box ☐ and attach sheet with same information and signature and date for each.